Public Forum Meeting Agenda

Tazewell & Woodford Counties Multi-Jurisdictional Multi-Hazard Mitigation Advisory Committee

October 19, 2023 4 p.m. to 6 p.m. East Peoria City Hall 401 West Washington Street, East Peoria

- I. Welcome
- II. Plan Review & Summary
- III. Availability of Draft Plans & Public Comment Period
- IV. Plan Adoption
- V. Potential Mitigation Project Funding Sources
- VI. Questions/Comments

Meeting Minutes

Tazewell & Woodford Counties Multi-Jurisdictional Multi-Hazard Mitigation Advisory Committee

July 25, 2023 1:30 p.m. East Peoria City Hall 401 West Washington Street, East Peoria

Committee Members

Creve Coeur, Village of East Peoria, City of East Peoria CHSD #309 East Peoria D&LD EP!C El Paso, City of Eureka, City of

Germantown Hills, Village of

Minonk, City of Morton, Village of

National Weather Service

Pekin, City of Pekin Park District Roanoke, Village of Tazewell County

Comm. Development

Tremont, Village of

Tri-County Reg. Planning Commission

Washington, City of Woodford County

EMA

American Environmental Corp.

Welcome

Reema Abi-Akar, Senior Planner of the Tri-County Regional Planning Commission, welcomed attendees. She turned the meeting over to Andrea Bostwick, American Environmental Corporation (AEC), who opened the meeting.

Handout materials were distributed to each member in attendance. Andrea provided a brief recap to reorient Committee Members as to what has been accomplished so far.

Tornado Vulnerability Analysis

Andrea then began the tornado vulnerability analysis discussion by noting that analysis estimates future potential damages in terms of dollar loss to residences, including contents, for each participating jurisdiction based on FEMA acceptable formulas. The potential damages were calculated on the magnitude most likely to be encountered, not on a worst-case event.

Since 1950, 67 verified tornadoes have occurred in Tazwell County, and 48 verified tornadoes have occurred in Woodford County. While occurring less frequently than severe storms, severe winter storms and floods, tornadoes have caused at least \$978.2 million in property damages in Tazwell County, and \$30.6 million in property damages in Woodford County.

Using information from the 67 verified tornadoes in Tazewell County and the 48 verified tornadoes in Woodford County, damages were calculated based on an "average" tornado.

The average tornado in Tazewell County impacts approximately 0.17 square miles, whereas the average tornado in Woodford County impacts approximately 0.15 square miles. She noted that the area impacted by the average tornado decreased slightly for each County from the previous Plan.

Housing densities were calculated from U.S. Census Bureau information for each of the participating jurisdictions. This information, along with a set of assumptions were used to estimate the number of vulnerable residential structures. Potential dollar losses were then calculated for these vulnerable residential structures using the provided tax assessment values and an additional assumption about the degree of damage sustained by the structures and their contents.

Potential dollar losses caused by an average-sized tornado in Tazewell County to residences and their contents would be expected to exceed at least \$17 million in any of the participating municipalities. Losses ranged from \$17.8 million in East Peoria to \$56 million in Washington. For Woodford County, dollar losses caused to residences and their contents by an average-sized tornado would be expected to exceed at least \$8.9 million in any of the participating municipalities. These losses ranged from \$8.9 million in Minonk up to \$50.8 million in Germantown Hills.

Potential dollar losses by township in Tazewell County would be expected to range from \$75,750 in Boynton Township to \$16.1 million in Pekin Township. For Woodford County, losses by township would be expected to range from \$115,985 in Linn Township up to \$4 million in Worth Township. Andrea noted that the damage figure for the most populated townships would only be reached if the tornado's path included a portion of a major municipality.

Risk Priority Index Exercise Results

Andrea then presented the results of the Risk Priority Index Exercise that was conducted at the April 25, 2023 meeting. She provided the Committee with a brief recap on what the Risk Priority Index is and how it can help participants determine which hazards present the highest risk and therefore which ones to focus on when formulating mitigation projects and activities.

Based on the Committee's responses, in Tazewell County, tornadoes scored the highest, followed by thunderstorms with damaging winds, floods, and severe winter storms. For Woodford County, tornadoes also scored highest, followed by floods and then by thunderstorms with damaging winds. The hazards that scored the lowest in Tazewell County included earthquakes, terrorism, and dam failures; for Woodford, the lowest three were earthquakes, landslides, and mine subsidence.

Mitigation Project Submittal & Action Tables

Committee members were then asked to review the Mitigation Action Tables containing the descriptions of the mitigation projects and activities. Andrea and Callie Smith of AEC moved throughout the room to discuss questions with committee members. Andrea advised Committee members who wished to add additional projects to provide them to her as soon as possible, and no later than September 1st.

Andrea explained that the information in the draft Mitigation Action Tables handout was prepared by AEC using the lists of mitigation projects and activities provided by the participation jurisdictions. Participants were reminded that this is a list of projects and activities they would like to see accomplished if the money becomes available. Also, for a jurisdiction to be eligible for a project, it must be on its list.

Since these are mitigation plans, some projects were either removed or not included if they were not considered mitigation. Projects associated with emergency preparedness/response, recovery, and maintenance will not be included in the Plans.

Public Forum and Adoption

The final Committee meeting will be conducted as an open-house style public forum to present the draft Plans for review and comment. Paper copies of the draft Plans will be available for review at the meeting and posted online on the Planning Commission's website. Additionally, the Planning Commission will also have hard copies available for review at their office. There will be a two-week public comment period following the public forum.

Unless otherwise specified, Committee members will receive an electronic copy of the draft Plans to make available for public comment.

Once the comment period is over, any comments received will be incorporated into the Plans and submitted to IEMA/FEMA. Following IEMA and FEMA review, any edits requested will be made and then FEMA will issue Approval Pending Adoption letters. At this point an email will be sent to the participating jurisdictions, along with a copy of a model adoption resolution, asking them to formally adopt the Plans by resolution. A copy of the executed resolution should then be provided to AEC. Once all the adoption resolutions are received, Andrea will submit them to IEMA and FEMA. FEMA will then issue the Final Approval letters starting the clock for the five-year update.

Plan Maintenance and Update

Andrea described the Plan maintenance and update commitments detailed in a draft of the Plan Maintenance and Update section provided in the meeting handouts for review by the Committee. The Plans will be monitored and evaluated on an annual basis by a Plan Maintenance Subcommittee, which will be made up of the participating jurisdictions, the Regional Planning Commission, and key members of the Planning Committee. The Planning Commission will send out Plan Maintenance Checklists to each of the participating jurisdictions who will be responsible for providing information to the Subcommittee. This information will include: the status of their mitigation actions; any hazard-related damages to critical facilities and infrastructure; the adoption of any new plans, policies, or regulations; and any significant changes in development. The Subcommittee will also evaluate the Plans to determine their effectiveness at achieving their stated purpose and goals. Participants can also add new mitigation actions during the annual monitoring phase or by contacting the Planning Commission.

The Planning Commission will then prepare an annual progress report detailing the results of the annual monitoring and evaluation period and provide copies to the Subcommittee. Any modifications or additions to the mitigation project lists will require

an update of the Mitigation Strategy and a resubmittal of the Plans to IEMA and FEMA for reference.

At least once every five years, the Plans must be reviewed, revised, and resubmitted to IEMA/FEMA for the participating jurisdictions to remain eligible for mitigation project funds. At the five-year update, any jurisdiction that is not already part of these Plans and who wants to become part of the updated Plans may do so. New jurisdictions must supply the same information that all the current jurisdictions supplied.

What Happens Next?

Public Forum

The final Committee meeting will be conducted as an open-house style public forum where the draft Plans will be presented for review and comment.

The public forum will be held on:

Thursday, October 19, 2023 4 p.m. – 6 p.m. East Peoria City Hall 401 West Washington Street, East Peoria

Public Comment

With no additional questions or comments, Andrea adjourned the meeting.

TAZEWELL COUNTY MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL MULTI-HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN

WOODFORD COUNTY MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL MULTI-HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN

PUBLIC FORUM SUMMARY HANDOUT

OCTOBER 19, 2023 4:00 P.M. – 6:00 P.M.

Each year natural hazards (i.e., severe thunderstorms, tornadoes, severe winter storms, flooding, etc.) cause damage to property and threaten the lives and health of Tazewell County and Woodford County residents. Since 1973, Tazewell County has been a part of 11 federally-declared disasters and experienced at least \$1.0 billion in recorded property damages and at least \$45.1 million in crop damages within the County. Since 1974, Woodford County has been a part of 11 federally-declared disasters and experienced at least \$84.9 million in recorded property damages and at least \$31.7 million in crop damages within the County.

Tazewell County

In the last 10 years alone (2013 - 2022), there have been 87 thunderstorms with damaging winds, 42 excessive heat events, 34 severe storms with hail one inch in diameter or greater, 28 extreme cold events, 25 riverine flood events, 22 flash flood events, 22 severe winter storms, 12 tornadoes, 3 landslides, and one drought verified in the County.

Woodford County

There have been 54 thunderstorms with damaging winds, 42 excessive heat events, 28 extreme cold event, 27 riverine flood events, 24 severe winter storms, 19 flash flood events, 15 severe storms with hail one inch in diameter or greater, 8 tornadoes, and one drought verified in the County in the last 10 years alone (2013 - 2022).

While natural hazards cannot be avoided, their impacts can be reduced through effective hazard mitigation planning.

What is hazard mitigation planning?

Hazard mitigation planning is the process of determining how to reduce or eliminate property damage and loss of life from natural and man-made hazards. This process helps a county, and its participating jurisdictions, reduce their risk by identifying vulnerabilities and developing mitigation actions to lessen and sometimes even eliminate the effects of a hazard. The results of this process are documented in a multi-hazard mitigation plan.

Why prepare updated multi-hazard mitigation plans?

By preparing and adopting updated multi-hazard mitigation plans, the counties and participating jurisdictions become or remain eligible to apply for and receive federal hazard mitigation funds to implement mitigation actions identified in the plans. These funds, made available through the Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000, can help provide local government entities with the opportunity to complete mitigation projects that would not otherwise be financially possible.

TAZEWELL COUNTY MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL MULTI-HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN

WOODFORD COUNTY MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL MULTI-HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN

Who participated in the update of the Tazewell County and Woodford County Multi-Jurisdictional Multi-Hazard Mitigation Plans?

- Creve Coeur, Village of
- **East Peoria, City of**
- ❖ East Peoria Community High School District #309
- ❖ East Peoria Drainage & Levee District
- ❖ Morton, Village of

- * Pekin, City of
- Pekin Park District
- ❖ Tremont, Village of
- Tri-County Regional Planning Commission
- ❖ Washington, City of
- El Paso, City of
- ❖ Eureka, City of
- Germantown Hills, Village of
- ❖ Minonk, City of
- * Roanoke, Village of

How were the updated Plans developed?

The two Plans were developed through the Tazewell & Woodford Counties Multi-Jurisdictional Multi-Hazard Mitigation Advisory Committee. The Committee included representatives from each participating jurisdiction, as well as agriculture, education, emergency services, planning, social services, and utilities. The Planning Committee met four times between January 2023 and October 2023.

Which hazards are included in the updated Plans?

After reviewing the risk assessment, the Planning Committee chose to include the following hazards in the Plans:

Natural Hazards

- severe storms (thunderstorms, hail, lightning)
- floods (riverine & flash)
- ❖ severe winter storms (snow & ice)
- * excessive heat
- * extreme cold
- tornadoes

- drought
- landslides
- earthquakes
- * mine subsidence
- levee failures(Tazewell County Only)
- dam failures

Man-Made hazards

- hazardous substances (generation, transportation, and storage/handling)
- * waste disposal
- hazardous material incidents
- * waste remediation
- * nuclear incidents
- terrorism

What is included in the updated Plans?

The updated Plans are divided into sections that cover the planning process; the risk assessment; the mitigation strategy, including the jurisdiction-specific mitigation action lists; and plan maintenance and adoption. The majority of the Plans are devoted to the risk assessment and mitigation strategy.

The risk assessment identifies the natural hazards that pose a threat to the counties and includes a profile of each natural hazard, which describes the location and severity of past occurrences, reported damages to public health and property, and the likelihood of future occurrences. It also provides a vulnerability analysis that estimates the potential impacts each natural hazard would have on the health and safety of the residents of each county, as well as the buildings, critical facilities, and infrastructure in each county.

TAZEWELL COUNTY MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL MULTI-HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN

WOODFORD COUNTY MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL MULTI-HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN

The key component of the mitigation strategy is a list of the projects and activities developed by each participating jurisdiction to reduce the potential loss of life and property damage that results from the natural hazards identified in the risk assessment. These projects and activities are intended to be implement *before* a hazard event occurs.

What happens next?

Any comments received at today's public forum and during the public comment period will be reviewed and, where applicable, incorporated into the draft Plans before they are submitted to the Illinois Emergency Management Agency and Office of Homeland Security (IEMA-OHS) and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for review. Once IEMA-OHS and FEMA have reviewed and approved the Plans, each Plan will be presented to appropriate County and participating jurisdictions for formal adoption. After adopting their Plan, each participating jurisdiction will be eligible to apply for federal mitigation funds and can begin implementing the mitigation actions identified in their Plan.

(NAME of JURISDICTION), Illinois

Resolution No.

A Resolution of (NAME of JURISDICTION) adopting the 2023 (NAME) County Multi-Jurisdictional Multi-Hazard Mitigation Plan
WHEREAS the (NAME of JURISDICTION BOARD/COUNCIL) recognizes the threat that natural and man-made hazards, including severe thunderstorms, severe winter storms, floods, and tornadoes among others, pose to people and property within (NAME of JURISDICTION); and
WHEREAS the (NAME of JURISDICTION) has prepared a multi-hazard mitigation plan, hereby known as the 2023 (NAME) County Multi-Jurisdictional Multi-Hazard Mitigation Plan in accordance with federal laws, including the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, as amended; the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 as amended; and the National Dam Safety Program Act, as amended; and
WHEREAS the 2023 (NAME) County Multi-Jurisdictional Multi-Hazard Mitigation Plan identifies mitigation goals and actions to reduce or eliminate long-term risk to people and property in (NAME of JURISDICTION) from the impacts of future hazards and disasters; and
WHEREAS adoption by the (NAME of JURISDICTION) demonstrates its commitment to hazard mitigation and achieving the goals outlines in the 2023 (NAME) County Multi-Jurisdictional Multi-Hazard Mitigation Plan.
NOW THERFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE (NAME of JURISDICTION), ILLINOIS, THAT:
The (NAME of JURISDICTION BOARD/COUNCIL) adopts the 2023 (NAME) County Multi-Jurisdictional Multi-Hazard Mitigation Plan and agrees to participate in the annual maintenance and evaluation of the plan.
ADOPTED by a vote of in favor and against, and abstaining, this day of, 2023.
CERTIFIED by (SIGNATURE) (NAME & TITLE)
ATTESTED by (SIGNATURE) (NAME & TITLE)

Plan Maintenance Checklist

We are in the process of conducting our annual evaluation/status update for our Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan. Please review the following tasks and complete and return this checklist along with the necessary forms. If you have any questions, please let us know.

Jurisdiction:	
Prepared By:	
Title:	Date:
TASK 1: DA	AMAGE INFORMATION
	ction sustained any natural hazard-related damages to critical facilities e within the last year?
□ Yes	□ No □ Don't Know
If Yes, please co	emplete and return the attached critical facilities damages questionnaire.
TASK 2: ST	ATUS OF EXISTING PROJECTS/ACTIVITIES
whether any of	the attached Mitigation Action Tables for your jurisdiction and determine the mitigation projects/activities listed have been completed or are in planning stages.)
Does your jurisdi stages) or compl	iction have any mitigation projects/activities in progress (in the planning leted?
□ Yes	□ No
•	out and return the attached Mitigation Action Progress Report for each at has been completed or is in progress.
	ction undergone any changes in priorities within the last 12 months that implementation of the listed mitigation projects/activities?
□ Yes [□ No
If yes, please de	tail the changes in priorities.

Plan Maintenance Checklist

TASK 3: IDENTIFICATION OF NEW PROJECTS/ACTIVITIES
Are there any new mitigation projects/activities your jurisdiction would like to see add to the Plan? (Remember, only projects included in the Plan are potentially eligible for federal mitigation projects funding.)
□ Yes □ No
If yes, please complete and return the attached New Mitigation Project Form.
TASK 4: JURISDICTION EVALUATION
Have there been any significant changes in development in your jurisdiction within the last 12 months (i.e. expansion of existing businesses, siting of new businesses, new subdivision development, or expansion of existing subdivisions, demolition of businesses/residents to create green spaces, etc.)
□ Yes □ No
If yes, please specify the type of development changes.
Has your jurisdiction adopted any new/updated policies, plans, regulations, or reports (i.e., comprehensive plans, building codes, zoning ordinance, etc.) that could be incorporated into this Plan?
□ Yes □ No
If yes, please provide the name of the policy, plan, regulation, or report and its purpose.
Were any components of the Hazard Mitigation Plan (i.e., mitigation actions, vulnerability analyses, etc.) integrated into any new/updated policies, plans, regulations, or reports (i.e., comprehensive plans, building codes, zoning ordinance, etc.)? □ Yes □ No
If yes, please provide the name of the policy, plan, regulation, or report and what component(s) of the hazard mitigation plan were integrated.

Plan Maintenance Checklist

TASK 4: JURISDICTION EVALUATION CONTINUED
Do any new critical facilities or infrastructure need to be added to your jurisdiction's Critical Facilities Survey?
□ Yes □ No
If yes, please provide the name and address of the facility.
What are your plans for sharing information on the Plan and its annual progress with your jurisdiction and constituents (i.e., informal presentation at board/council meeting, posting update to social media or website, etc.)?

Critical Facilities Damage Questionnaire

Supplemental information about *damages to critical infrastructure/facilities* (i.e., government buildings, schools, communication towers and radio equipment, water & sewer treatment facilities, hospitals, medical centers, etc.) that have *taken place* in the participating jurisdictions and County is needed for the risk assessment/vulnerability analysis portion of the Plan. If you could take a moment and think about the critical infrastructure damages caused by past natural hazard occurrences and provide any available information in the form below, it would be greatly appreciated.

Please complete <u>one record</u> for <u>each natural hazard event that damaged a critical facility</u>. Do not combine multiple events on one record. Additional forms are located on the back of this page. Please return the completed form(s) to Andrea or Zak. Thank you!

Jurisd Prepa	rod By:			Date	:
•	te of Event (month/day/y	·	, _		
-	oe of Hazard:				
	thunderstorm (straight-line winds)		tornado snow storm		landslide sinkhole
	hail		ice storm		mine subsidence
	lightning strike		extreme cold		earthquake
	heavy rain		drought		levee failure
	flood		excessive heat		dam failure
4.) Types of Damages:					
5.) Estimate of Damages: \$					

Mitigation Action Progress Report

As part of the Plan Maintenance "monitoring" phase, the implementation status of each project and activity listed in the Plan for the participating jurisdictions needs to be identified.

- 1) Please review the Mitigation Action Tables provided for your jurisdiction to determine whether any of the projects/activities listed have been "Completed" or are "In Progress" (in the planning stages.)
- 2) For each project or activity that is "Completed" or "In Progress", please fill out the following Progress Report.

Jurisdiction:					
Prepared By:					
Title:		Date:			
Progress Report Period	From Date:		To Dat	:e:	
Project/Activity Description					
Responsible Agency					
Project Status	☐ In Progress				
	☐ Approved by Cou	าcil/Board			
	☐ Included in Capita	•	it Plan/Sla	ted fo	r
	Construction & Im	-			
	☐ Grant Completed				
	☐ Letting/Contractor				
	☐ Notice to Proceed	Issued			
	☐ Construction Unde	erway			
	☐ Anticipated	Completion D	ate:		
	\square Other (please spe	cify):			
	□ Completed				
	□ Project Delayed				
	☐ Project Cancelled				
	<u> </u>				
SUMMARY O	F PROJECT PROGRESS FO	OR THIS REP	ORT PER	IOD	
What was accomplished dur	ing this reporting period for th	is project?			
What was accomplished dar	ing this reporting period for th	is project:			
Were any obstacles, problem	ns or delays encountered?	□ Yes	□ No		Don't Know
If Yes, please describe:					
If the project was delayed, is	it still relevant?	☐ Yes	□ No		Don't Know
If Yes, should the project b			_		
	<u> </u>				
Other comments:					

New Hazard Mitigation Projects Form Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan

	Participating Jurisdiction Prepared by: Title Project Description	Position/Organization Responsible for Implementation & Administration of the Project	Time Frame to Complete the Project
.		(i.e. Mayor / City Council; Public Works Director; Fire Chief / Board of Trustees)	5 years; Z-
2.			
က်			
4.			

Mitigation Project Funding – IEMA-OHS/FEMA Grants

The County's Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan will include projects that are fundable through IEMA-OHS/FEMA in addition to projects that might be fundable through other state/federal agencies.

IEMA/FEMA Grants

If you are considering a project that may be fundable through one of IEMA-OHS/FEMA's mitigation grant programs (FMA – Flood Mitigation Assistance, BRIC – Building Resilient Infrastructure & Communities, or HMGP – Hazard Mitigation Grant Program), then the first step is to contact IEMA to discuss the eligibility of your project, deadlines, requirements, etc. before you begin preparing a grant application. Below is the contact information for IEMA's Mitigation Program.

Sam Al-Basha

State Hazard Mitigation Officer

Illinois Emergency Management Agency and Office of Homeland Security

Division of Recovery

Tel: (217) 785-9942

Email: sam.m.al-basha@illinois.gov

Zachary Krug

Hazard Mitigation Section Manager

Illinois Emergency Management Agency and Office of Homeland Security

Division of Recovery

Tel: (217) 524-6513

Email: Zachary.krug@illinois.gov

Mitigation Project Funding - Non-FEMA Grants

Other State/Federal Grants

Below is an overview of non-IEMA-OHS/FEMA grants that have been used to fund mitigation projects. This overview is organized by type of project. Contact information and limitations are provided. *In some cases, these grants require a mitigation plan be in place prior to applying for funding.* You can save time by contacting the agency before preparing a grant application. The agency contacts often will provide useful information about conditions, deadlines, and requirements that you will need to know before you begin the grant application process.

Flood Property Buyout

Grant: IDNR Flood Damaged Property Buyout

Scope: Funding to purchase properties damaged by flooding. This program is separate

from IEMA's buyout program and will purchase properties that have only been damaged once by flooding. This grant cannot be used to purchase mobile homes or

for management costs incurred by the jurisdiction, consultant or contractor.

Limits: Varies depending on the scope of the project. No local match required.

Contact: Illinois DNR, Floodplain Management Section

Ron Davis, Mitigation Manager 217-524-7200

Drinking Water Supplies (fewer than 400 people served)

Grant: Small Systems Compliance Grant (SSCG)

Scope: Funding for equipment, construction, and design and construction engineering

necessary to resolve compliance issues for small system community water supplies. A small system is defined as a community water supply that has 100 or less service connections or serves fewer than 400 people. To be eligible, a community water

supply must meet the "small system" definition and have:

- 1.) An unresolved Violation Notice; or
- 2.) Compliance Commitment Agreement; or
- 3.) Placement on the Illinois EPA's Division of Public Water Supplies Restricted Status List

Limits: \$200,000. 100% State money with no local match

Only drinking water supplies that have an unresolved violation notice or those on the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency's Restricted Status List are eligible

Contact: Illinois EPA, Division of Public Water Supplies

Permit Section 217-782-1724 or Compliance Section 217-785-0561

Wastewater Treatment Facilities

The following two loans are listed because of their widespread use and popularity:

Grant: State Revolving Loan Fund

Scope: Low cost loans to replace or upgrade wastewater treatment facilities

Limits: \$200 million (varies depending on scope of project)

Contact: Illinois EPA, Bureau of Water

217-782-2027

Mitigation Project Funding - Non-FEMA Grants

Grant: Clean Water Initiative

Scope: Low cost loans to replace or upgrade wastewater treatment facilities

Limits: \$1 billion (varies depending on scope of project)

Contact: Illinois EPA, Bureau of Water

217-782-2027

Water and Waste Disposal Programs

Grant: Strategic Economic and Community Development

Scope: Funding for drinking water and wastewater treatment facility projects in rural

areas (i.e., replacement of water towers, upgrading lift stations, etc.) which

support the implementation of a qualified multi-jurisdictional plan

Limits: \$100,000 ceiling

Located solely in a rural area Federal is 75%, local share is 25%

Contact: USDA Rural Development – Illinois

309-342-5138 Ext. 4

Community Facilities

Grant: Strategic Economic and Community Development

Scope: Funding to develop essential community facilities in rural areas (municipally-

owned and operated facilities that provide an essential service to the local

community, i.e. public facilities, public safety services, etc.)

Limits: \$25,000 ceiling

Located solely in a rural area

Federal is 75%, local share is 25% (when located in a rural community having a

population of 5,000 or fewer)

Contact: USDA Rural Development – Illinois

309-342-5138 Ext. 4

Infrastructure (Generic)

Grant: Community Development Assistance Program (Community Development Block

Grant)

Scope: Acquisition, construction, rehabilitation and installment of infrastructure such as

water treatment facilities, government services, roads, etc.

Limits: \$550,000 ceiling

Population must be less than 50,000

Fifty-one percent of affected population must be moderate-to-low income persons

Contact: Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity

217-785-6142

Mitigation Project Funding – Non-FEMA Grants

Park and Recreation Unit Projects

Grant: Park and Recreational Facility Construction Act (PARC)

Scope: Acquisition, development, construction, reconstruction, improvements, architectural

planning, and installation of capital facilities consisting, but not limited to,

buildings, structures and land for park and recreation purposes and open spaces and

natural areas.

Limits: State Government Share is 75%, local share is 25%

Contact: Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Division of Grant Administration

217-782-7481

Renovation of Parks and Parkland

Grants: 1) Open Space Land Acquisition (OSLAD)-- State Financed

2) Land & Water Conservation Fund (LWCF)—Federally Financed

Scope: Acquisition, development and renovation of parks and parkland. Note: These two

grants are similar to the PARC grant described above. IDNR says you can apply

for more than one grant.

Limits: Acquisition (\$750,000.) Development & Renovation (\$400,000.)

Federal/state share is 50%, local share is 50%.

Contact: Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Division of Grant Administration

217-782-7481

Sirens, Generators, Structures, and Miscellaneous Related Construction

Scope: Illinois municipalities have obtained grant money from the Illinois Department of

Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) and from the Illinois Department of

Agriculture (DOA) for sirens, generators, structures and other infrastructure

projects. These grants have been intermittent or "one-time" grants (in contrast to the other ongoing grants described in this fact sheet). An example of this kind of "one-time" grant is the "IKE" grant used for generators, roads, bridges, and other

infrastructure in 2010 and early 2011 that was administered by the DCEO.

Limits: In general the state share is 75% and the local share is 25%.

Contact: DCEO IDOA

217-785-6142 217-524-9129

Stormwater Management

Grant: Green Infrastructure Grant Program for Stormwater Management (IGIG)

Scope: Implementation of green infrastructure best management practices to control

stormwater runoff for water quality protection. Projects must be located within a Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System or Combined Sewer Overflow Area.

Limits: Combined Sewer Overflows \$3,000,000 or 85% of approved costs whichever is

lower. Local match is 15%

Stormwater Retention & Infiltration: \$750,000 or 75% of approved costs whichever

is lower. Local match is 25%

Contact: Illinois EPA, Bureau of Water

217-782-3362



DeKalb Lee Whiteside Office of Community Development

Winnebago

Stephenson

Jo Daviess

Ogle

Carroll

MAIN OFFICE

Springfield, IL 62701 Phone: (217) 785-6174 ПҮ: (800) 785-6055 ceo.ocd@illinois.gov Ridgley - 2nd Floor 500 East Monroe

Wendy Bell

Nendy.Bell@illinois.gov (217) 558-4200 Deputy Director

Dee Smith

Administrative Assistant (217) 558-2445

Dee. Smith@illinois.gov

Kirk Kumerow

Kirk.Kumerow@illinois.gov (Non-Env) **Environmental Review Officer** ceo.ero@illinois.gov (Env) (217) 558-4106

JoLaine Miner

loLaine.Miner@illinois.gov Labor Standards Officer ceo.lso@illinois.gov (217) 558-4222

HOUSING REHABILITATION

All non-entitlement counties Program Manager (217) 558-2833 Kara Cozadd

Kara. Cozadd@illinois.gov

Jeff Davis

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PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE

-aMonica Pruitt (217) 558-4221

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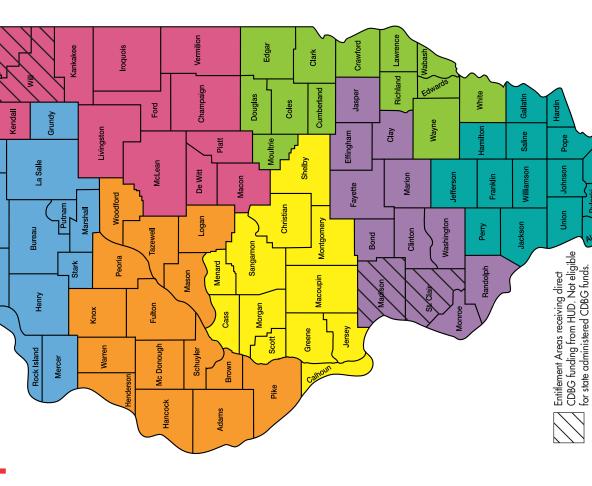
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

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Grant Opportunities



Schedule last updated: August 21, 2023

GRANT PROGRAM	START DATE ↑	END DATE ↑
Non-competitive USFWS Grants Program	12/15/2022	02/01/2023
Recreational Trails Program	01/17/2022	03/17/2023
Snowmobile Trail Establishment Fund Grant Program	01/20/2023	03/20/2023
Illinois Snowmobile Grant Program	01/20/2023	03/20/2023
Off-Highway Vehicle (OHV) Program	03/15/2023	05/15/2023
Illinois Bicycle Path Grant Program	03/15/2023	05/15/2023
Boat Access Area Development Program	03/16/2023	05/15/2023
Special Funds Furbearer Wildlife Grant Program	04/24/2023	05/24/2023
<u>Volunteer Fire Assistance - Cooperative Forestry Assistance Grant Progra</u> <u>m</u>	04/01/2023	05/31/2023
Historic Preservation Certified Local Governments	04/14/2023	06/08/2023
Illinois Endangered and Threatened Species Rehabilitation Grants Progra m	05/01/2023	06/15/2023
Natural Areas Stewardship Grants Program	05/01/2023	06/15/2023
Park and Recreational Facility Construction Program	05/01/2023	06/15/2023

GRANT PROGRAM	START DATE	END DATE ↑
Special Wildlife Funds Habitat Fund Grant Program	07/03/2023	08/01/2023
Special Wildlife Funds Pheasant Fund Grant Program	07/03/2023	08/01/2023
Open Space Lands Acquisition and Development (OSLAD) Program	07/03/2023	09/15/2023
Illinois Historic Sites Field Trip Grant Program*	02/01/2023	09/30/2023
Land and Water Conservation Fund Program (LWCF) Program	08/04/2023	09/30/2023
Boating Infrastructure Grant Program	08/01/2023	10/31/2023
Clean Vessel Act Program	09/01/2023	10/31/2023
Urban and Community Forestry Grant Program	02/01/2023	12/29/2023
Special Wildlife Funds Duck Stamp Program	11/15/2023	12/29/2023
Illinois Biodiversity Field Trip Grant Program*	02/01/2023	01/31/2024
Public Museum Grant Program (TBD)		
Coastal Management Program (TBD)		

^{*}Grants awarded through the Illinois Conservation Foundation (ICF)

The Notice of Funding Opportunity for State of Illinois grant programs can be found online at https://www2.illinois.gov/sites/GATA/Grants/SitePages/CSFA.aspx

Announcements

Open Space Lands Acquistion and Development (OSLAD) is now accepting applications. Please review the Notice of Funding Oportunity and manual on the <u>OSLAD Program Page</u>. The deadline to apply is August 31, 2023.

UPDATE: We are no longer able to review and provide feedback on the merits of projects. We are now limited to answering specific eligibility questions. **Please do not contact grant administrators to schedule pre-application phone calls.**

Resources

• How to Apply (PDF)

All grants administered by the Department, including other grants not listed below, are subject to available funding.

Funding Information

Grants Administered by the Illinois Department of Natural Resources (Listing)

The following links will take you directly to those sections on our website. See Current Funding Opportunities on Sidebar.

- <u>Recreational Grants-in-Aid Programs</u> Provides grants for capital improvements to create and/or enhance
 recreational amenities. These include <u>OSLAD/Federal LWCF</u>, <u>Boat Access</u>, <u>PARC</u>, and <u>Trails Programs</u> including
 <u>Bikeway</u>, <u>Snowmobile</u>, <u>Off-Highway Vehicle</u>, and <u>Federal Recreational Trails Program</u>.
- <u>Museum Capital Grants</u> Provides grants to help public museums in Illinois expand and upgrade facilities and create new exhibits and other physical facilities to enhance public museums' abilities to meet their mission.
- <u>Certified Local Government Grants</u> Provides grants to <u>eligible communities</u> to develop and sustain historic preservation programs and complete projects that preserve local historic resources.
- <u>Clean Vessel Act Grants</u> Provides grant funding to marinas, boatyards, and local units of government to purchase pump outs or dump stations to prevent pollution through the proper disposal of sewage from recreational boats.
- <u>Illinois Conservation Foundation Educational Grants</u> Provides funding to K-12 teachers for biodiversity-related and historic site field trips with their students. Funding is also available for Schoolyard Habitat projects.
- <u>Volunteer Fire Assistance Grant Program (VFA Program)</u> Provides grants to volunteer fire departments for training or equipment purchases for Illinois communities with fewer than 10,000 residents.
- <u>Special Funds Grant Program</u> Provides grants to protect, acquire, enhance and/or manage wildlife habitat through the Illinois Habitat Fund, State Pheasant Fund, State Furbearer Fund and the Migratory Waterfowl Stamp Fund. Funded by Illinois sportsmen through the purchase of <u>Habitat and Migratory Waterfowl Stamps</u>.
- <u>Illinois Coastal Management Program Grants</u> Provides grants to local governments and non-profits along the Illinois Lake Michigan shoreline to protect, restore, and manage the Illinois Lake Michigan Coast for current and future generations.
- <u>Illinois Natural Areas Stewardship Grants</u> Provides grants to Conservation Land Trust non-profits for stewardship on Illinois Nature Preserves and registered Land and Water Reserves.

GRANT	WHO CAN APPLY?	WHEN TO APPLY?	TYPES OF PROJECTS FUNDED
Open Space Lands Acquisition & Development and Land & Water Conservation Programs	Local units of government can apply for acquisition and/or development of land for public parks and open space. Projects vary from small neighborhood parks or tot lots to large community and county parks and nature areas.	Applications must be received between May 1 and July 1 of each calendar year.	Examples Include: A combo soccer/football fields, combo baseball/softball fields, park pavilions, picnic tables, grills, basketball and tennis courts, interpretive trail signage, fishing piers, wetland observation decks, extensions of trail loops, parking lot expansions, splash pads, trails with fitness stations, water quality basins with native plantings, shelters with picnic tables; preservation/biological improvement of permanent wetlands, outdoor classroom / treehouse shelters, adventure / educational play structures and interpretive prairie gardens.
Park and Recreational Facility Construction Grant Program	Local governments can apply for park and recreation unit construction projects including acquisition, development, construction, rehabilitation, improvements, architectural planning and installation of capital facilities consisting, but not limited to, buildings, structures and land for park and recreation purposes and open spaces and natural areas.	Application schedule and award dates vary.	Capital Expenditures for additional indoor/outdoor recreational purposes may include, but are not limited to, demolition, site preparation/improvements, utility work, reconstruction or improvement of existing buildings/facilities and new construction. Land Acquisition projects such as the construction of new public indoor/outdoor recreation buildings, structures and facilities; expansion of existing public indoor/outdoor recreation buildings, structures and facilities; general park purposes such as regional/community/neighborhood parks; frontage on public surface waters for recreation use; open space/conservation purposes to protect floodplains, wetlands, natural areas, wildlife habitat and unique geologic/biologic features and additions to such areas.
Public Museum Capital Grant Program	Public museums can apply for financial assistance to develop new and updated exhibits, expand facilities, renovate and restore buildings and make infrastructure improvements.	Application schedule and award dates vary.	This program is jointly administered by IDNR's Illinois State Museum and IDNR's Division of Grant Administration. Click here

GRANT	WHO CAN APPLY?	WHEN TO APPLY?	TYPES OF PROJECTS FUNDED
Federal Recreational Trails Program	Federal, state and local government agencies, not for profit organizations and private operators of recreational facilities open to the public can apply for funding assistance for acquisition, development, rehabilitation and maintenance of both motorized and non-motorized recreation trails.	Applications must be received between January 1 and March 1 of each calendar year.	Examples Include: Trail construction and rehabilitation; restoration of areas adjacent to trails damaged by unauthorized trail uses; construction of trail-related support facilities and amenities; and acquisition from willing sellers of trail corridors through easements or fee simple title. Click here
Bike Path Grant Program	Local governments having statutory authority to acquire and develop land for public bicycle path purposes can apply. Grants assist eligible units of government acquire, construct and rehabilitate public, non-motorized bicycle paths and directly related support facilities.	Applications must be received between January 1 and March 1 of each calendar year.	Examples Include: Linear corridor land acquisition costs, including associated appraisal fees, and bicycle path development or renovation including site clearing and grading, drainage, surfacing, bridging, fencing, signage and directly related support facilities such as potable water and restroom facilities. Click here
Boat Access Area Development Program	Local governments can apply for financial assistance for the acquisition, construction, and expansion/rehabilitation of public boat and canoe access areas on Illinois lakes and rivers.	Applications must be received between July 1 and September 1 of each calendar year.	Examples Include: Water frontage land acquisition for public access areas; new construction or renovation of boat/canoe launching ramps and courtesy docks, restrooms and security lighting, parking areas, access roads and walkways, other boating-related facilities deemed appropriate by IDNR.
The Urban and Community Forestry Assistance Grant Program	Local governments can apply for financial assistance for the development of local urban and community forestry programs; activities must help to establish, manage, conserve and preserve the urban and community forests from inner city to associated public lands.	USDA Forest Service- Urban and Community Forestry-State allocation. Grants are given annually as funds are allocated.	Examples Include: Tree care/preservation ordinances, tree board establishment, tree inventories, comprehensive urban forestry management plans, forest insect/disease mitigation plans, residual wood strategic plans, public education on urban forestry, training of city staff on tree care, tree planting/beatification, tree care demonstrations and utility conflict resolution. Click here

GRANT	WHO CAN APPLY?	WHEN TO APPLY?	TYPES OF PROJECTS FUNDED
Schoolyard Wildlife Habitat Grant Program	Teachers, nature center personnel and youth group leaders can apply and must emphasize student/youth involvement in planning, development and maintenance of schoolyard wildlife habitats, plus increase the educational and wildlife habitat value of the site (school grounds or other public area).	Application packet: Postmarked by November 30 Notification to Applicants: February 1 Submission of final report: November 30 (of following year)	Examples Include: Enhancing or establishing and maintaining a schoolyard habitat plot, butterfly garden, rain garden, wetland, nesting platform or watering station; designing/building a bird feeding station; and constructing/installing bat roosting boxes. Click here
Illinois Biodiversity Field Trip Grant Program	Teachers in Illinois, including home schooling educators, can apply to receive funds to take their students on a field trip to study some aspect of Illinois' natural resources. The destination must be in Illinois. The field trip must occur in the calendar year in which funds are awarded. These grants are offered through one application period annually.	Application packet: Postmarked by January 31 Notification to Applicants: March 15	Examples Include: Field trips to nature centers, state parks, forest preserve district sites, museums, national forests and related destinations. Click here
Special Wildlife Funds Grant Program	Any appropriate not-for-profit organization or government agency that has the expertise, equipment, adequate staff/workforce and permission from the landowner (if applicable) to develop and/or manage habitat can apply for the Illinois Habitat Fund grant. Appropriate not-for-profit organizations can apply for the State Pheasant Fund. Appropriate not-for-profit organizations, governmental entities, educational institutions or corporations can apply for the State Furbearer Fund.	Habitat and Pheasant - August 1 Furbearer Fund - March 1 Migratory Waterfowl Stamp Fund - January 1 Wildlife Preservation - April 1	IL Habitat Fund – Eligible projects include those which preserve, protect, acquire or manage habitat. State Pheasant Fund – Dedicated to the conservation of wild pheasants. Eligible projects may include: land acquisition, pheasant habitat improvement on public or private land, pheasant research, or education of the public regarding pheasants and pheasant hunting.

GRANT	WHO CAN APPLY?	WHEN TO APPLY?	TYPES OF PROJECTS FUNDED
(cont.)	Appropriate not-for-profit organizations can	Habitat and Pheasant -	State Furbearer Fund - Dedicated to the conservation
Special	apply for the Migratory Waterfowl Stamp	August 1	of fur-bearing mammals. Eligible projects are limited to
Wildlife	Fund to protect, acquire, enhance or manage		those that educate hunters and trappers of fur-bearing
Funds Grant	wildlife habitat and to support limited research	Furbearer Fund –	mammals within the State and the general public
Program	and educational programs to further advance	March 1	concerning the role that hunting and trapping has upon
	this mission. These programs are funded by		fur-bearing mammal management; the laws associated
	Illinois sportsmen through the purchase of	Migratory Waterfowl	with the harvesting of fur-bearing mammals; the
	Habitat Stamps and Migratory Waterfowl	Stamp Fund - January 1	techniques used in the hunting and trapping of fur-
	Stamps.	Wildlife Preservation –	bearing mammals; the conservation, management, and
	Eligible recipients are limited to any	April 1	products made from wild fur-bearing mammals.
	individual, group, organization or entity	-	-
	seeking to preserve, protect, perpetuate or		Migratory Waterfowl Stamp Fund - Dedicated to the
	ennance non-game wildlife and/or native		conservation of waterfowl that pass through Illinois during
	plant resources in Illinois through research,		their migrations. Eligible projects are limited to
	graphs from the Illinois Wildlife Dresorvation		development of waterlow propagation areas within the
	Giality Holli tile IIIIIOIS Wilding Fleselvation		provide waterfewl for the Mississippi Elywoy, and projects
	response protect pornetinate and orbane		to implement the North American Motorgam Managed
	preserve, protect, perpetuate and emaine		Complement the North American Waterlow Management
	this State through preservation of a satisfactory		Dominion of Canada or the United States that specifically
	environment and an ecological balance.		provide waterfowl for the Mississippi Flyway.
	Additionally, the maintenance of wildlife		
	rehabilitation facilities that take care of		Wildlife Preservation Fund – Eligible projects include
	Threatened or Endangered Species portion of		those which preserve, protect, perpetuate and enhance
			non-game wildlife and native plant resources of Illinois
	intended to keep these facilities in a state of		through preservation of a satisfactory environment and
	good repair necessary to provide safe and		an ecological balance. Projects proposed for grant
	sanitary conditions for the species and the		funding must focus on management, site inventories or
	staff.		education and cannot exceed \$2,000.00.
	PLEASE NOTE:		Olick here
	The federal funding the Special Wildlife Funds		
	Grant Program receives may not be renewed.		
	Please check back with IDNR for updates		
	regarding the progam.		

GRANT	WHO CAN APPLY?	WHEN TO APPLY?	TYPES OF PROJECTS FUNDED
Illinois Coastal Management Program Grants	Units of government, educational institutions, and 501(c)3 not-for-profit organizations working within the Illinois Coastal Zone can apply for grants for environmental education and outreach, planning, signs and workshops. All projects must be for public benefit and must help to preserve, protect, or enhance Illinois' Lake Michigan coastal resources. Starting in 2015, units of government within the Illinois Coastal Zone can apply for grants for land acquisition, low-cost construction and habitat restoration.	Application schedule and award dates vary.	Examples Include: Creation or expansion of environmental education programs, interpretive displays/signs, outreach campaigns, sustainable coastal planning and workshops. Must be on Illinois Lake Michigan Coastal topics. Starting in 2015, grant categories will include: Land acquisition and easements for public access, resource protection, and improvement; habitat restoration; invasive species management, access; and low-cost (<\$100,000) construction projects such as informational kiosks, boardwalks, pathways, fences.
Snowmobile Trail Establishment Fund Program	Incorporated, private snowmobile clubs in Illinois can apply for financial assistance.	Applications must be received between January 1 and May 1 of each calendar year.	Examples Include: Trail signs/fencing; trail groomers; bridges or fence traversing ramps (portable); parking facilities and warming shelters/restrooms (located on public park land). Click here
Off-Highway Vehicle Recreation Program	Government agencies, not-for-profit organizations and other eligible groups or individuals can apply to develop, operate, maintain and acquire land for off-highway vehicle parks and trails; facilities must be open and accessible to the public; also can help restore areas damaged by unauthorized OHV use.	Applications must be received between January 1 and March 1 of each calendar year.	Examples Include: Cost of land acquisition from willing sellers for OHV trails and scramble areas; construction, rehabilitation, maintenance and design for OHV trails/routes and scramble areas; restoration of areas damaged by OHV usage; and rider education and safety programs.
Local Government Snowmobile Program	Local governments located in a region of Illinois with sufficient snow cover and having statutory authority to acquire and develop lands for public park and recreation purposes can apply. Grants provide up to 50 percent reimbursement of approved facility development/rehabilitation costs and 90 percent of approved trail corridor land acquisition costs for public snowmobile trails and areas in the state.	Applications must be received between January 1 and May 1 of each calendar year.	Examples Include: Land acquisition for snowmobile areas/trail corridors; snowmobile trail construction and signage; trail grooming equipment; parking areas, security lighting, restroom facilities and warming shelters; and snowmobiles and communication equipment for local agency patrol use. Click here

An official website of the United States government Here's how you know



Ill nois Contacts

Rural Development Office Directory

The Illinois State Office, located in Champaign, Illinois, administers USDA Rural Development programs through 11 field offices across the state. Rural Development field representatives are committed to serving individuals, businesses, units of government, nonprofit and for-profit organizations, lenders, real estate professionals, and others looking for information and assistance with Rural Development programs and initiatives.

USDA Rural Development State Director, Betsy Dirksen Londrigan Deputy State Director, Molly Hammond 2118 West Park Court, Suite A Champaign, IL 61821 Tel: 217-403-6200

Administrative Programs (217) 403-6205 or <u>Email (mailto:aimee.soto@usda.gov)</u>. Housing Programs (217) 403-6226 or <u>Email (mailto:meleah.smith@usda.gov)</u>. Community Programs (217) 403-6232 or <u>Email (mailto:mary.warren@usda.gov)</u>. Business Programs (217) 403-6218 or <u>Email (mailto:mary.warren@usda.gov)</u>. <u>subject=Business%20Programs</u>).

Public Affairs (217) 403-6204 or <u>Email (mailto:jennifer.warning@usda.gov)</u>

Field Office Directory

Area1

Oregon Area Office USDA Service Center 1213 Pines Road, Suite 2 Oregon, IL 61061 (815) 595-3114

Ottawa Area Office USDA Service Center 1691 N. 31st Road, Suite 3 Ottawa, IL 61350 (815) 313-2352

Princeton Area Office USDA Service Center 312 E. Backbone Road, Suite B Princeton, IL 61356 (815) 719-8130

<u>Area 2</u>

Champaign Area Office

USDA Service Center 2110 West Park Court, Suite B Champaign, IL 61821 (217) 352-3536 ex4

Effingham Area Office USDA Service Center 2201 N Willenborg St. Suite 10 Effingham, IL 62401 (217) 347-7107 ex4,5

Pontiac Area Office USDA Service Center 1510 W. Reynolds Pontiac, IL 61764 (815) 844-6127 ex4

Area 3

Marion Area Office USDA Service Center 502 Comfort Drive Marion, IL 62959 (618) 993-5396 ex4

Mt. Vernon Area Office USDA Service Center 221 Withers Drive Mt. Vernon, IL 62864 (618) 244-0773 ex4,5

Area 4

Galesburg Area Office USDA Service Center 233 S. Soangetaha Road Galesburg, IL 61401 (309) 342-5138 ex4

Jacksonville Area Office USDA Service Center 1904 West Lafayette, Suite 3 Jacksonville, IL 62650 (217) 243-1535 ex4,6

Quincy Area Office USDA Service Center 338 South 36th Street Quincy, IL 62301 (217) 224-9307 ex4

<u>Illinois Field Office Locator (http://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?state=us&agency=rd)</u>- Area Offices working with Single and Multi-Family Housing, Community Facilities, Water and Waste Systems and Business Programs.